

SYNTHESIS OF FLUORINATED THIAZOLES AS ANTICANCER AGENTS

CHOUHA Nora^{1,2*}, DESAUBRY Laurent²

¹ Faculty of Technology, University of Batna 2, Batna, Algeria

² Regenerative Nanomedicine (UMR 1260), INSERM, Fédération de Médecine Translationnelle de Strasbourg (FMTS), Strasbourg, France

Code CCO20

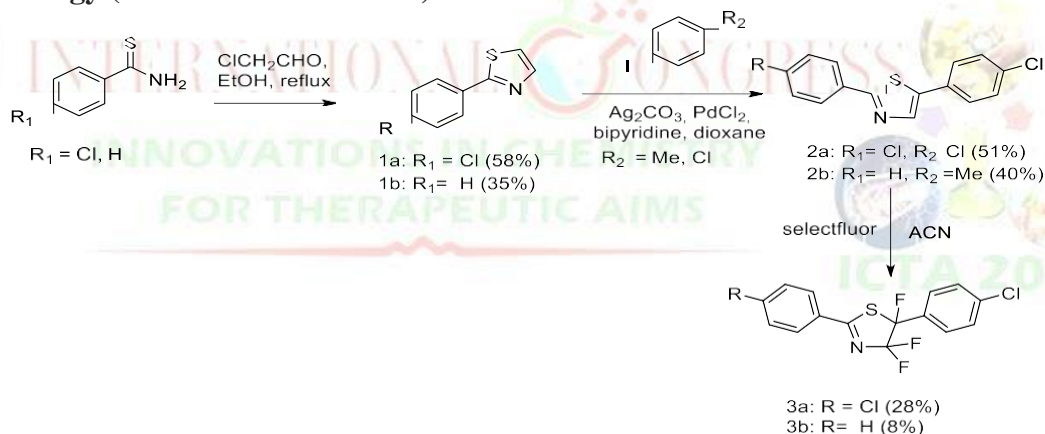
Email*: n.chouha@univ-batna2.dz

Introduction & Objectives:

The synthesis of heterocyclic rings has been a fascinating field in therapeutic science. Various heterocyclic compounds containing nitrogen and sulfur have flexible frameworks for drugs development and design.¹

Fluorine-containing heterocycles continue to receive considerable attention due to their unique properties. In medicinal chemistry, the incorporation of fluorine in small molecules imparts a significant enhancement their biological activities compared to non-fluorinated molecules.²

Methodology (Material and methods):



Results and Discussion:

Thiazoles **1a,b** are prepared by condensation of thioamides with chloroacetaldehyde. The synthesis of diarylthiazoles **2a,b** prepared by using palladium catalysis according to the protocol described by the method of Tani *et al*³. The products **2a,b** are treated with select fluorto give the products **3a, b**.

Conclusion:

two cytotoxic agents, fluorizoline analogues have been prepared, these analogues of fluorizoline can be used as chemical tools to explore PHB signaling in cancers and other diseases.

Keywords: Fluorine, Cancer, Synthesis, Thiazole, Fluorizoline.

References

- Hussein, W. et al (2018), Biorg Org Chem. 2(2): 52-55.
- Thuraya Al-Harthy. Et al. (2020), Mol, 25(20): 4677.
- Tani, S. et al. (2014), Chem. Sci.5 (1):1

